



CalAIM Experiences: Southern California Implementers

Goodwin Simon Strategic Research
April 2024

FOCUS ON
CalAIM

Survey Methodology

On behalf of the California Health Care Foundation (CHCF), Goodwin Simon Strategic Research (GSRR) conducted an online survey among 1,196 CalAIM implementers July 21 to September 12, 2023 to explore their experiences and outlook about CalAIM. CHCF [published the survey](#) in December 2023.

Questionnaire development was guided by six online focus groups conducted between March 29 and April 27, 2023 among implementers from behavioral health, community-based organizations, discharge planning, enhanced care management, managed care plans, and homeless/medical respite.

Respondents who report having fewer than 30% of their patients/clients/members enrolled in Medi-Cal/Medicaid or who were not familiar with CalAIM were not included in the full survey.

This report focuses on the findings for Southern California (referred to as “SoCal”), which includes the following subregions:

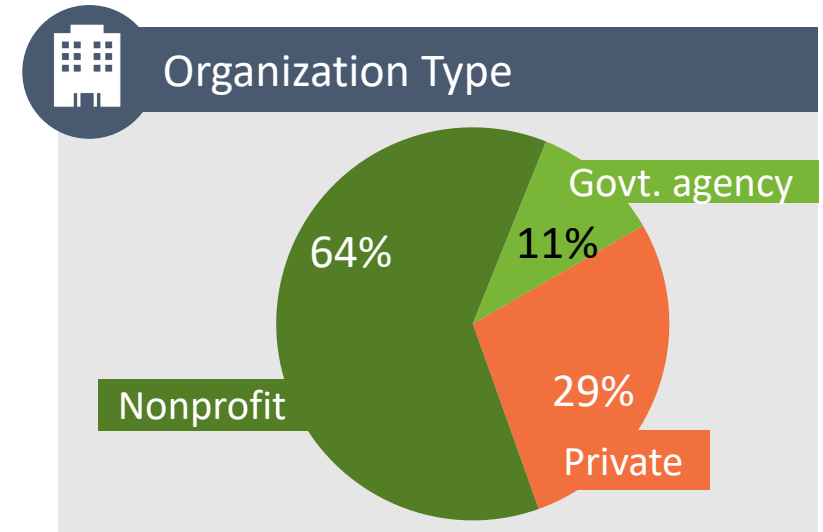
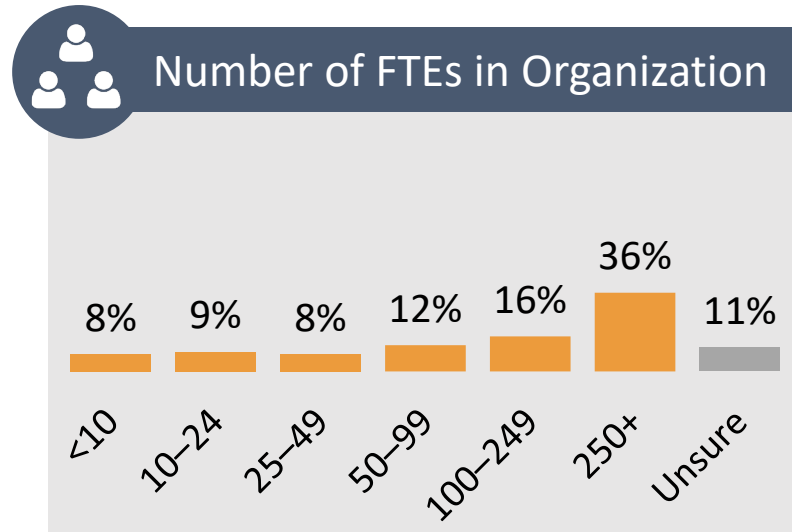
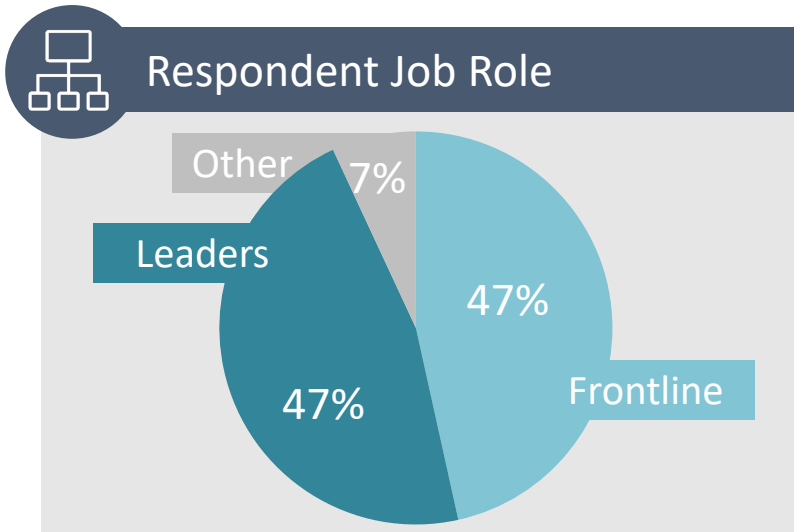
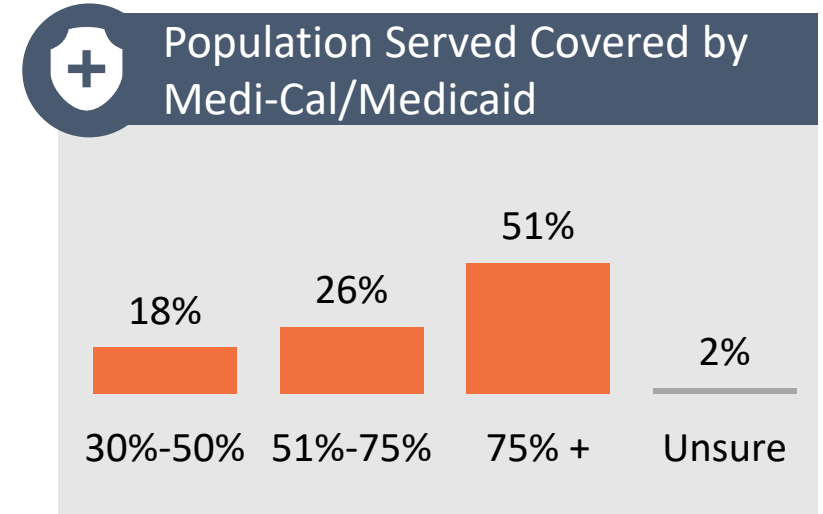
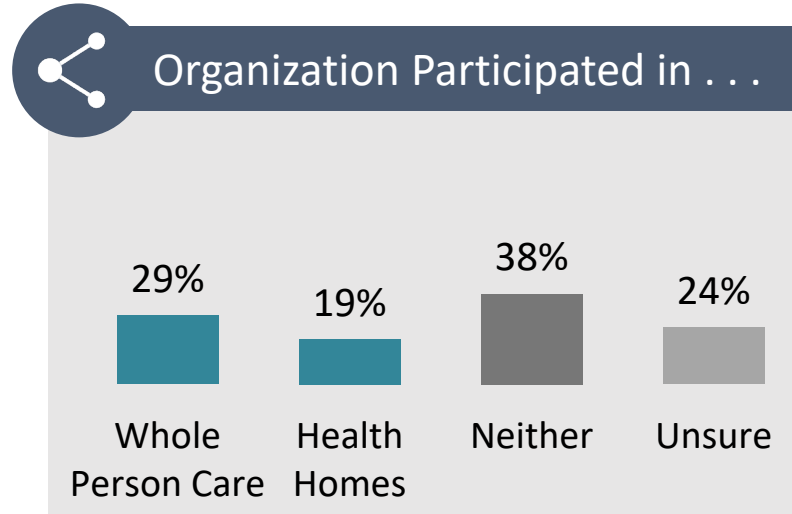
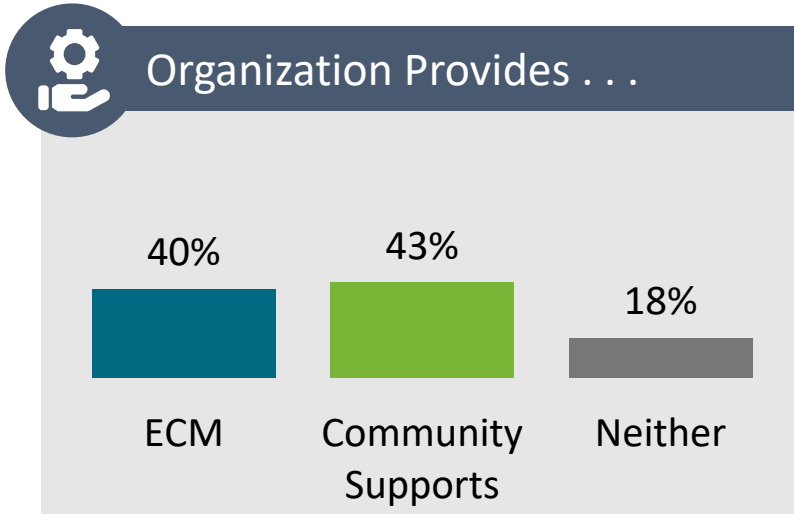
- Los Angeles County
- Orange County
- Riverside County
- San Bernardino County
- San Diego County
- Imperial County (Imperial County is not shown separately due to small number of respondents)

These subregions follow the grouping and naming conventions used for the [PATH Collaborative Planning and Implementation initiative](#).

Some respondents report working in multiple counties and therefore may appear in more than one subregion. As a result, the sum of all subregions may exceed the total for the region.

Statistical testing was conducted to compare Southern California respondents to those from the rest of California, both across and within the region. Any statistically significant differences ($p < .05$) are noted in figures with a *. If there is no symbol, differences were not significant.

Dashboard: Breakdown of SoCal Respondents



Note: Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

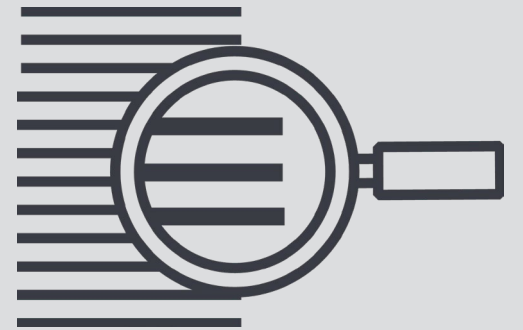
Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

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Overview of Regional Findings

1. Implementer Views on Current State of Implementation
2. Organizational Partnerships
3. Data Exchange
4. Appendix: In Their Own Words

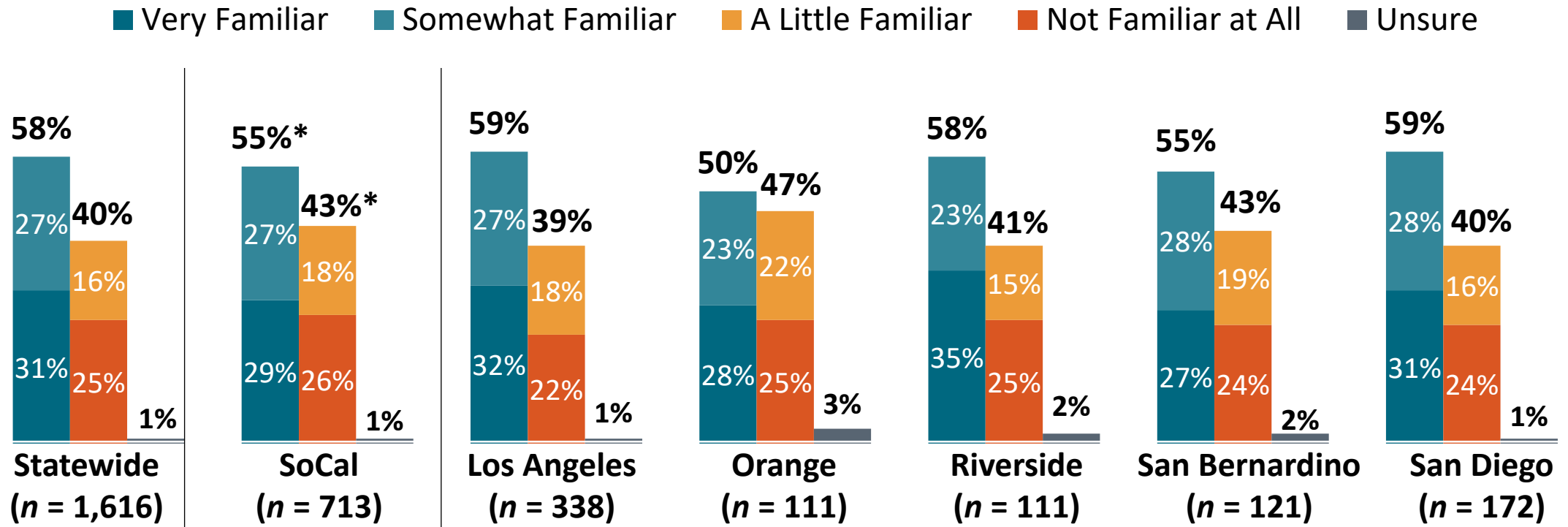
Implementer Views on Current State of Implementation



There Is Room to Increase Familiarity with CalAIM Across the Region

How familiar are you with California Advancing and Innovating Medi-Cal, also referred to as CalAIM? CalAIM includes many new programs and changes, such as Enhanced Care Management, Community Supports, carve-in of institutional long-term care, Population Health Management, No Wrong Door, Behavioral Health Payment Reform, etc.

(Note that this only includes responses from those who serve at least 30% Medi-Cal; Those who are not familiar at all were not included in the remainder of the survey.)



*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Note: Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

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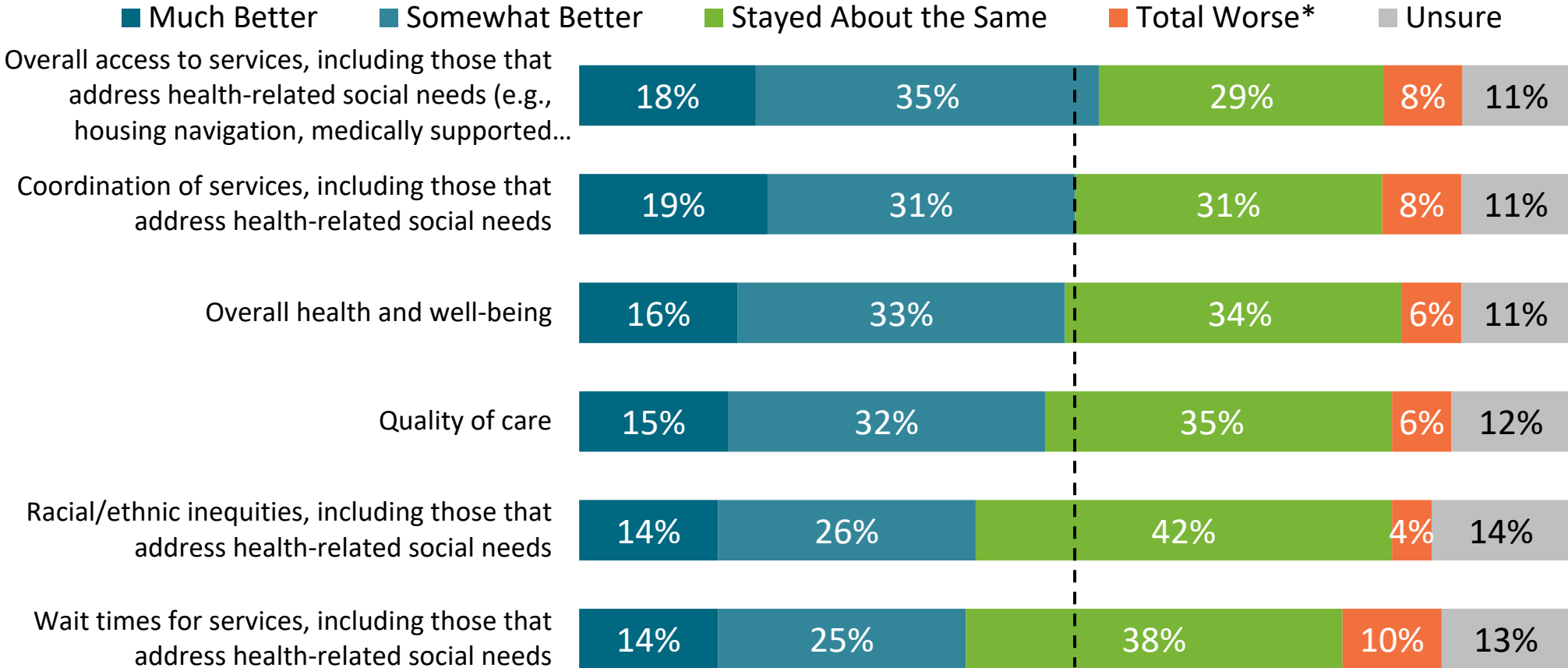
Agreement with Goals Consistent Across the Region

Please indicate how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements:
I support CalAIM's goal of . . .

Showing the % agree with each statement	Statewide	SoCal (n = 519)	Los Angeles (n = 261)	Orange (n = 80)	Riverside (n = 81)	San Bernardino (n = 90)	San Diego (n = 129)
<i>. . . making Medi-Cal a more consistent and seamless system for enrollees to navigate by reducing complexity and increasing flexibility.</i>	96%	95%	93%	98%	96%	93%	96%
<i>. . . comprehensively addressing people's needs through whole person care and interventions that address social drivers of health.</i>	95%	95%	93%	96%	93%	94%	95%
<i>. . . improving quality outcomes and reducing health disparities through value-based initiatives and payment reform.</i>	94%	93%	91%	96%	94%	93%	94%

Southern California Implementers Already Report Improvements

Thinking about the experiences of the people you serve (e.g., patients, members, or clients), please indicate whether you personally think the experiences of the following have gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM’s implementation — or if they have stayed about the same. If you are unsure, just select that . . .



50%

*Total Worse is the sum of "Somewhat" and "Much" Worse responses.
 Notes: Excludes those who said "N/A." Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.
 Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

Improvements Reported Vary Somewhat by County

Thinking about the experiences of the people you serve (e.g., patients, members, or clients), please indicate whether you personally think the experiences of the following have gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM’s implementation — or if they have stayed about the same . . . **Percentages indicate total “better” responses.**

Showing the % total “better” responses	Statewide	SoCal (n = 500)	Los Angeles (n = 255)	Orange (n = 78)	Riverside (n = 75)	San Bernardino (n = 84)	San Diego (n = 125)
<i>Overall access to services, including those that address health-related social needs (e.g., housing navigation, medically supported food and nutrition services)</i>	52%	52%	50%	51%	51%	45%	57%
<i>Coordination of services, including those that address health-related social needs</i>	51%	50%	48%	55%	48%	40%*	58%
<i>Overall health and well-being</i>	48%	49%	46%	49%	39%	37%*	54%
<i>Quality of care</i>	45%	47%	47%	44%	44%	38%	46%
<i>Racial/ethnic inequities, including those that address health-related social needs</i>	38%	40%	39%	39%	39%	31%	38%
<i>Wait times for services, including those that address health-related social needs</i>	38%	39%	38%	37%	43%	36%	34%

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

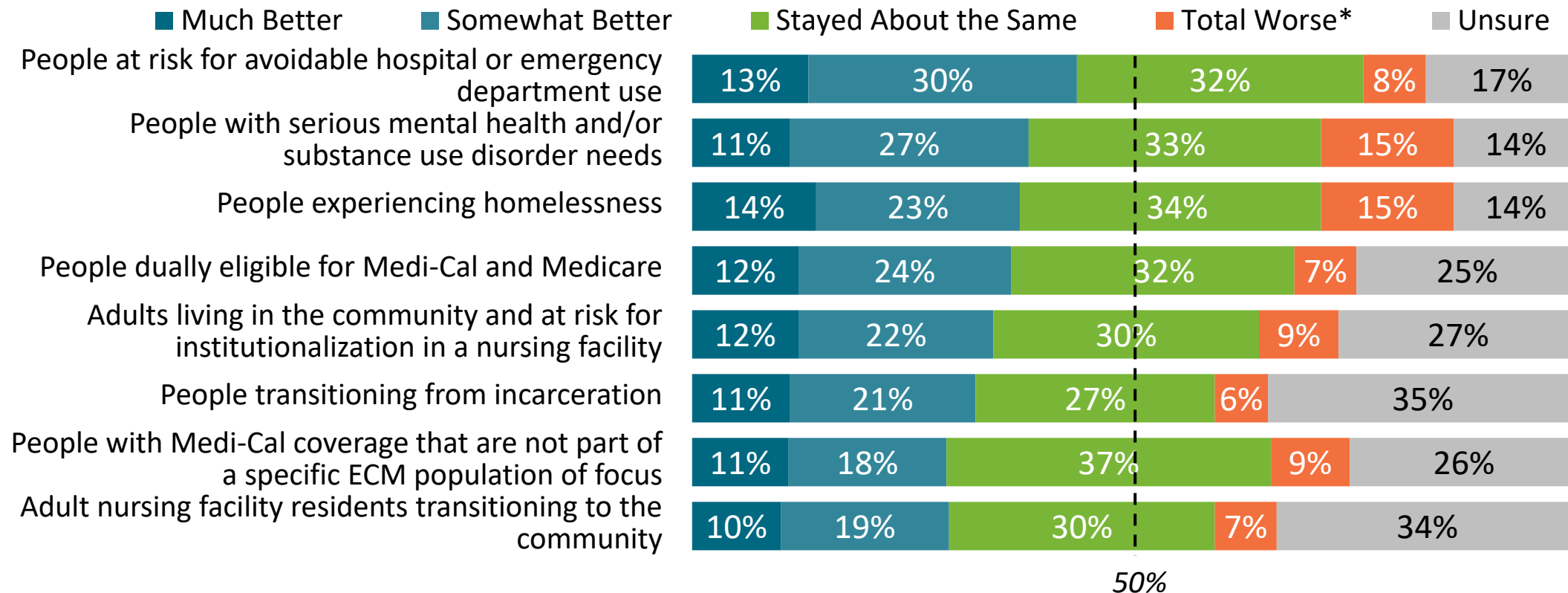
Note: The *n* size for each row may vary within each column as respondents who said “not applicable” to each item were excluded from that row.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

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Southern California Respondents More Sure About Improvements for 2022 Populations of Focus Compared to Later Populations of Focus

Now thinking about the experiences of the people you serve in each of the following populations, please indicate whether you personally think their overall experience of care has gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM's implementation — or if it has stayed about the same. If you are unsure, just select that . . .



*Total Worse is the sum of "Somewhat" and "Much" Worse responses.

Notes: Excludes those who said "N/A." Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

Reported Improvements by POF Vary Somewhat by County

Now thinking about the experiences of the people you serve in each of the following populations, please indicate whether you personally think their overall experience of care has gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM’s implementation — or if it has stayed about the same. **Percentages indicate total “better” responses.**

Showing the % much + somewhat better	Statewide	SoCal (n = 452)	Los Angeles (n = 224)	Orange (n = 68)	Riverside (n = 65)	San Bernardino (n = 71)	San Diego (n = 114)
<i>People at risk for avoidable hospital or emergency department use</i>	42%	43%	43%	38%	44%	37%	43%
<i>People experiencing homelessness</i>	38%	37%	36%	43%	44%	33%	33%
<i>People with serious mental health and/or substance use disorder needs</i>	37%	39%	41%	37%	41%	29%	36%
<i>People dually eligible for Medi-Cal and Medicare</i>	35%	36%	40%*	36%	30%	24%*	29%
<i>Adults living in the community and at risk for institutionalization in a nursing facility</i>	30%	34%*	35%	31%	35%	32%	31%
<i>People transitioning from incarceration</i>	29%	32%	35%*	25%	29%	27%	26%
<i>People with Medi-Cal coverage that are not part of a specific ECM population of focus</i>	28%	29%	29%	24%	21%	22%	28%
<i>Adult nursing facility residents transitioning to the community</i>	28%	29%	33%	26%	26%	21%	24%

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Notes: The *n* size for each row may vary within each column as respondents who said “not applicable” to each item were excluded from that row. *POF* is population of focus.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

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Only Some Report Experience of Care Having Gotten Worse

Now thinking about the experiences of the people you serve in each of the following populations, please indicate whether you personally think their overall experience of care has gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM’s implementation — or if it has stayed about the same. **Percentages indicate total “worse” responses.**

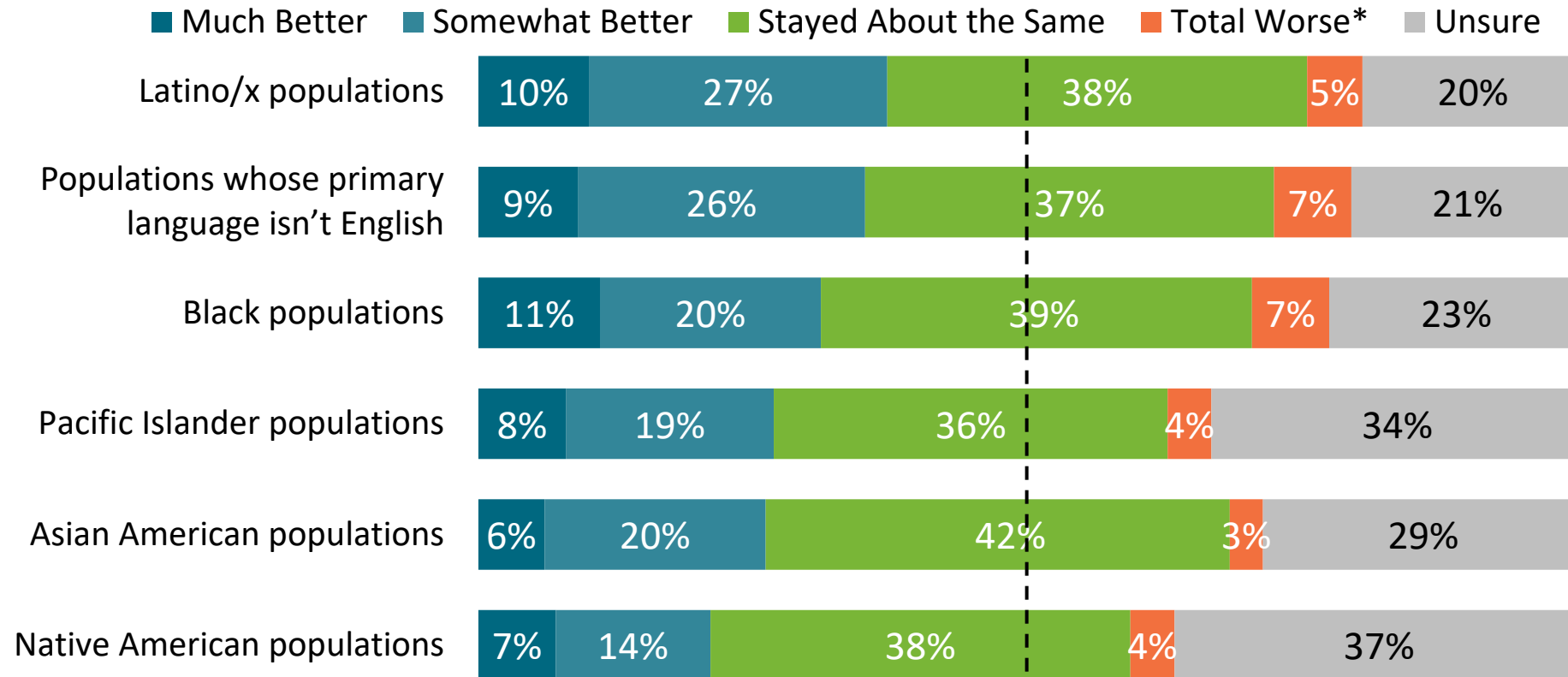
Showing the % “much + somewhat worse” responses	Statewide	SoCal (n = 452)	Los Angeles (n = 224)	Orange (n = 68)	Riverside (n = 65)	San Bernardino (n = 71)	San Diego (n = 114)
<i>People with serious mental health and/or substance use disorder needs</i>	13%	15%	16%	12%	7%*	17%	18%
<i>People experiencing homelessness</i>	12%	15%*	15%	13%	8%	16%	19%*
<i>Adults living in the community and at risk for institutionalization in a nursing facility</i>	7%	9%*	9%	4%	6%	13%	11%
<i>People with Medi-Cal coverage that are not part of a specific ECM population of focus</i>	7%	9%	9%	8%	7%	13%	13%*
<i>People at risk for avoidable hospital or emergency department use</i>	7%	8%	8%	8%	4%	9%	9%
<i>People transitioning from incarceration</i>	6%	6%	7%	1%*	4%	15%*	5%
<i>People dually eligible for Medi-Cal and Medicare</i>	5%	7%*	7%	5%	7%	12%*	12%*
<i>Adult nursing facility residents transitioning to the community</i>	5%	7%	7%	3%	3%	8%	9%

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Note: The *n* size for each row may vary within each column as respondents who said “not applicable” to each item were excluded from that row. Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

Southern California Respondents Less Sure About Improvements for Some Racial/Ethnic Groups

Now thinking about the experiences of the people you serve in each of the following populations related to race/ethnicity or language, please indicate whether you personally think their overall experience of care has gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM's implementation as a whole . . .



*Total Worse is the sum of "Somewhat" and "Much" Worse responses.
 Notes: Excludes those who said "N/A." Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.
 Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

50%

Reported Improvements by Racial/Ethnic Groups Vary Somewhat by County

Now thinking about the experiences of the people you serve in each of the following populations related to race/ethnicity or language, please indicate whether you personally think their overall experience of care has gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM’s implementation as a whole . . . **Percentages indicate total “better” responses.**

Showing the % total “better” responses	Statewide	SoCal (n = 484)	Los Angeles (n = 243)	Orange (n = 74)	Riverside (n = 75)	San Bernardino (n = 81)	San Diego (n = 125)
<i>Latino/x populations</i>	34%	37%	36%	35%	42%	29%	39%
<i>Populations whose primary language isn’t English</i>	33%	35%	36%	32%	34%	32%	32%
<i>Black populations</i>	29%	31%	32%	27%	33%	25%	29%
<i>Asian American populations</i>	24%	26%	25%	22%	18%	17%	26%
<i>Pacific Islander populations</i>	23%	26%*	26%	24%	20%	17%	25%
<i>Native American populations</i>	22%	21%	20%	18%	23%	15%	22%

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Note: The n size for each row may vary within each column as respondents who said “not applicable” to each item were excluded from that row.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

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Only Some Report Experience of Care Having Gotten Worse

Now thinking about the experiences of the people you serve in each of the following populations related to race/ethnicity or language, please indicate whether you personally think their overall experience of care has gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM’s implementation as a whole . . . **Percentages indicate total “worse” responses.**

Showing the % total “much + somewhat worse” responses	Statewide	SoCal (n = 484)	Los Angeles (n = 243)	Orange (n = 74)	Riverside (n = 75)	San Bernardino (n = 81)	San Diego (n = 125)
<i>Populations whose primary language isn’t English</i>	6%	7%	8%	5%	4%	8%	8%
<i>Black populations</i>	6%	7%	9%	5%	4%	11%	5%
<i>Latino/x populations</i>	5%	5%	6%	0	3%	8%	2%
<i>Asian American populations</i>	3%	3%	3%	3%	1%	7%	3%
<i>Pacific Islander populations</i>	3%	4%	5%	3%	3%	6%	3%
<i>Native American populations</i>	4%	4%	5%	3%	1%	10%*	2%

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

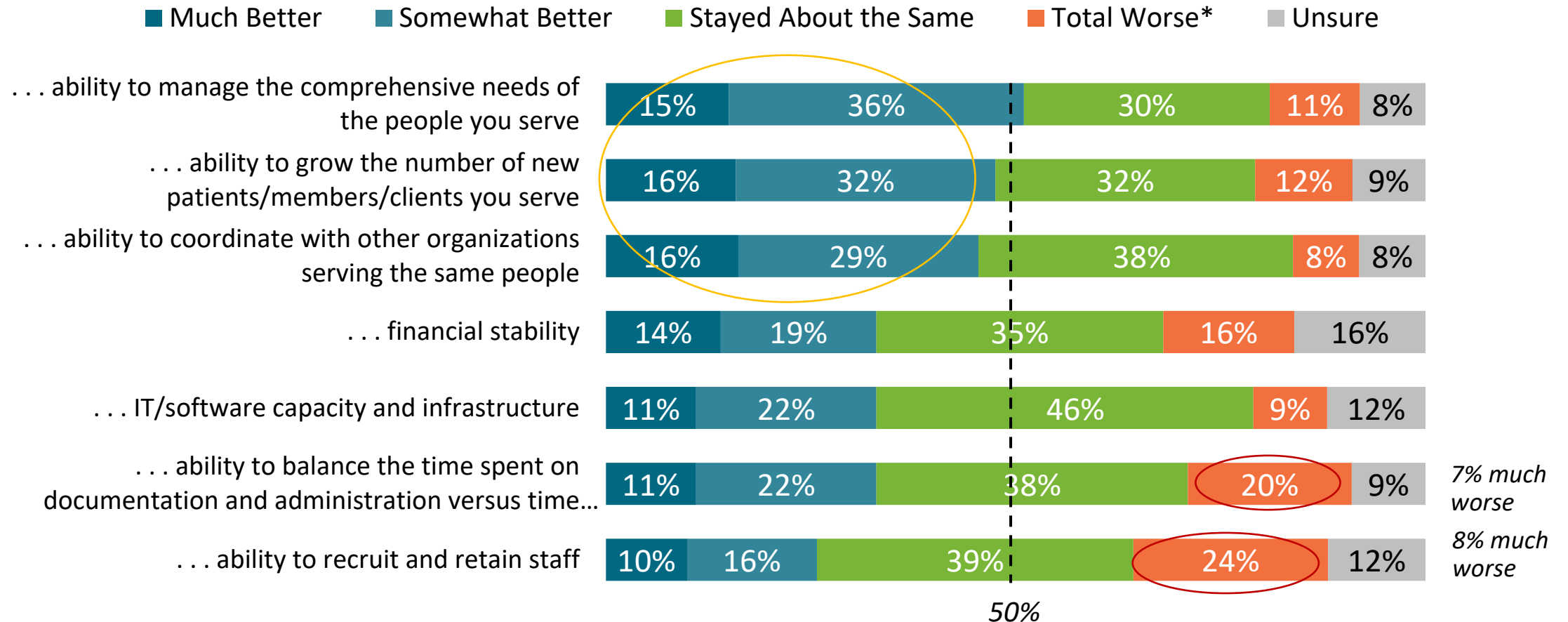
Note: The *n* size for each row may vary within each column as respondents who said “not applicable” to each item were excluded from that row.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

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CalAIM Implementation Already Improving Ability to Serve in Southern California

Now thinking about your own organization, please indicate whether you personally think each of the following has gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM — or if it has stayed about the same . . . Your organization's . . .



*Total Worse is the sum of "Somewhat" and "Much" Worse responses.
Notes: Excludes those who said "N/A." Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.
Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

Improvements Reported Vary by County

Now thinking about your own organization, please indicate whether you personally think each of the following has gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM — or if it has stayed about the same . . .

Percentages indicate total “better” responses.

Your organization’s . . .	Statewide	SoCal (n = 492)	Los Angeles (n = 249)	Orange (n = 77)	Riverside (n = 73)	San Bernardino (n = 86)	San Diego (n = 122)
. . . ability to manage the comprehensive needs of the people you serve	51%	51%	49%	51%	47%	38%*	56%
. . . ability to grow the number of new patients/members/clients you serve	48%	47%	48%	47%	45%	38%	47%
. . . ability to coordinate with other organizations serving the same people	48%	46%	45%	46%	41%	38%	48%
. . . IT/software capacity and infrastructure	35%	33%	35%	33%	35%	24%*	28%
. . . ability to balance the time spent on documentation and administration versus time spent providing services	34%	33%	35%	29%	28%	23%*	32%
. . . financial stability	34%	33%	31%	27%	36%	29%	33%
. . . ability to recruit and retain staff	27%	26%	26%	19%	28%	22%	26%

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Note: The n size for each row may vary within each column as respondents who said “not applicable” to each item were excluded from that row.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

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Some Report Organizational Aspects Having Gotten Worse

Now thinking about your own organization, please indicate whether you personally think each of the following has gotten better or worse as a result of CalAIM — or if it has stayed about the same . . .

Percentages indicate total “worse” responses.

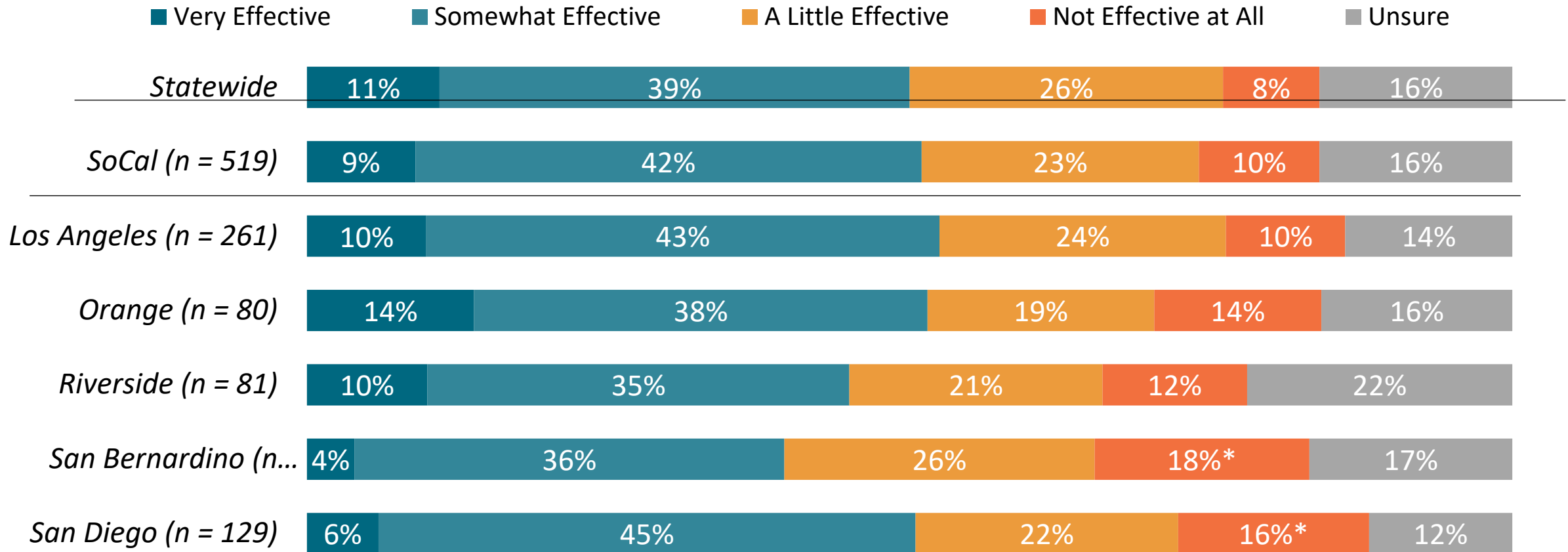
Your organization’s . . .	Statewide	SoCal (n = 492)	Los Angeles (n = 249)	Orange (n = 77)	Riverside (n = 73)	San Bernardino (n = 86)	San Diego (n = 122)
. . . ability to balance the time spent on documentation and administration versus time spent providing services	23%	20%	22%	27%	30%	33%*	23%
. . . ability to recruit and retain staff	20%	24%*	24%	29%	20%	26%	26%
. financial stability	15%	16%	18%	23%	19%	22%	16%
. . . IT/software capacity and infrastructure	11%	9%	11%	11%	13%	16%	10%
. . . ability to grow the number of new patients/members/clients you serve	9%	12%*	15%*	17%	15%	14%	12%
. . . ability to manage the comprehensive needs of the people you serve	9%	11%*	14%*	9%	13%	14%	13%
. . . ability to coordinate with other organizations serving the same people	8%	8%	10%	12%	11%	10%	11%

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Note: The n size for each row may vary within each column as respondents who said “not applicable” to each item were excluded from that row. Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

Implementers Have Mixed Views About Effectiveness of CalAIM Implementation

At this stage of CalAIM's implementation, how would you rate the effectiveness of CalAIM-related processes, protocols, and workflows overall?



*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Note: Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

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Organization's Satisfaction with CalAIM by County

On a scale of zero to 10, with zero meaning not at all satisfied and 10 meaning extremely satisfied, how satisfied are you with your organization's experience with CalAIM so far?

Not at all satisfied (0) Extremely satisfied (10)
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Statewide

SoCal

5.9

Los Angeles

5.8

Orange

5.7

Riverside

5.7

San Bernardino

5.2*

San Diego

6.0

Note: Data shown are average values for each subgroup.

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

Implementers in Southern California Face an Array of Challenges

Please indicate how challenging each of the following has been when it comes to implementing ECM and/or Community Supports:

Top Challenges

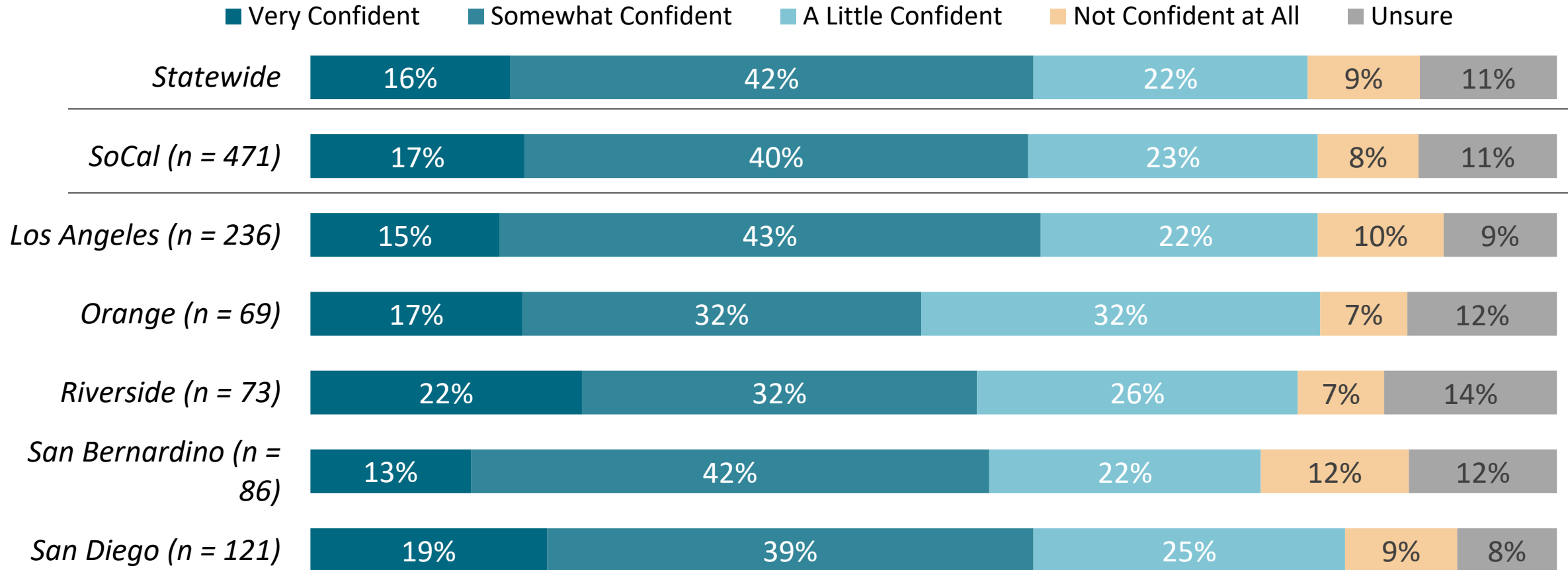
Very + Somewhat Challenging



*This result is significantly higher than the statewide result at the 95% confidence level.

There's Optimism About Improvement . . .

How confident are you that CalAIM-related processes, protocols, and workflows will become more effective over time? Asked among everyone except those who say CalAIM is already “very effective” (11%)



Note: Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

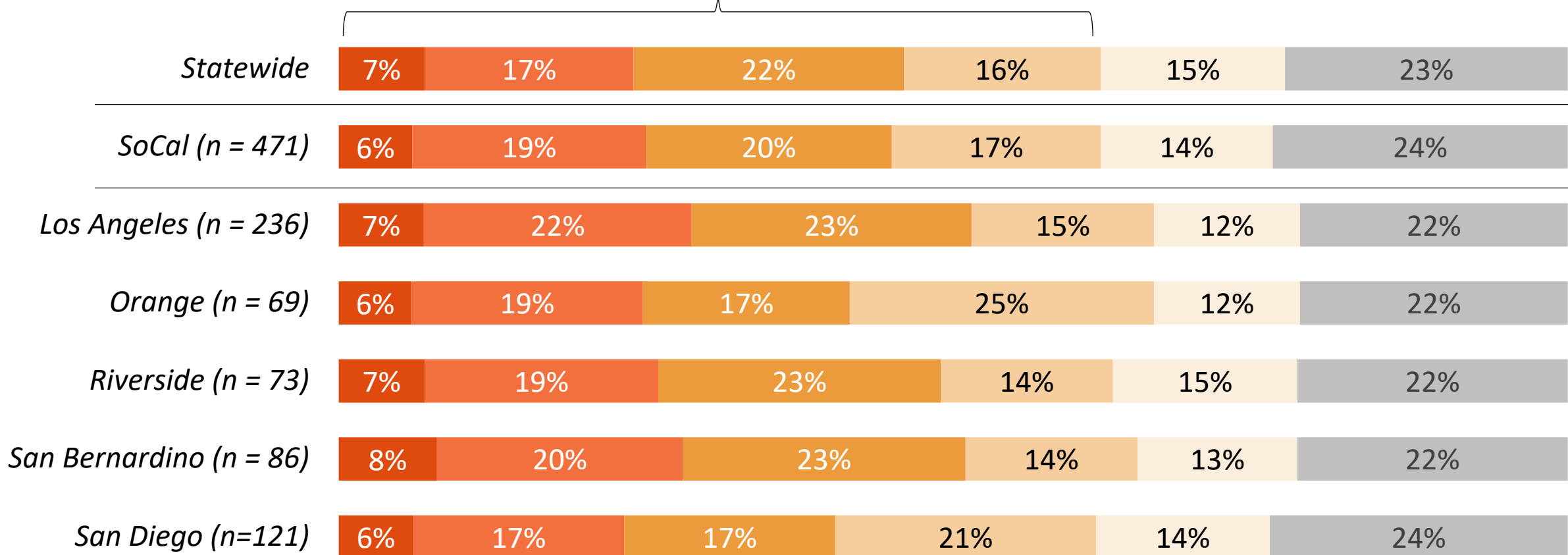
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... But the Runway for Most Is Less than a Year

How long are you able to wait for significant improvements in CalAIM-related processes, protocols, and workflows? Asked among everyone except those who say CalAIM is already “very effective” (11%)

■ Cannot wait
 ■ 1-3 months
 ■ 4-6 months
 ■ 7-12 months
 ■ 1 year+
 ■ Unsure

62% within one year



Note: Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

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Reported Resources Used Vary by County

Listed below are some resources available to help implement CalAIM. For each, please indicate if you have already taken advantage of that resource and if so, how helpful it has been to your organization . . .

Showing the % who have used each resource	Statewide	SoCal (n = 519)	Los Angeles (n = 261)	Orange (n = 80)	Riverside (n = 81)	San Bernardino (n = 90)	San Diego (n = 129)
<i>DHCS Webinars</i>	67%	65%*	70%	60%*	59%*	63%	64%
<i>Peer-to-peer learning</i>	61%	57%*	63%	56%	55%	59%	55%
<i>Your regional CalAIM (CPI) Group . . .</i>	51%	49%	52%	47%	44%	47%	49%
<i>Technical assistance or trainings from MCPs</i>	48%	46%	48%	48%	42%	43%	47%
<i>Technical assistance through the CalAIM Technical Assistance Marketplace . . .</i>	39%	37%	42%	40%	29%	35%	28%
<i>Grants from MCPs through (IPP)</i>	36%	34%	37%	34%	32%	25%	34%
<i>Grants through PATH (CITED)</i>	35%	34%	40%*	39%	29%	27%	29%

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

Helpfulness of Resources Varies Somewhat by County

Listed below are some resources available to help implement CalAIM. For each, please indicate if you have already taken advantage of that resource and if so, how helpful it has been to your organization . . .

Showing the % who say each resource is “very helpful” (among those who say they’ve used that resource)	Statewide	SoCal (n = 175)	Los Angeles (n = 97)	Inland Empire (Riverside+San Bernardino) (n = 38)	San Diego (n = 45)
<i>Grants from MCPs through (IPP)</i>	51%	53%	54%	58%	53%
<i>Grants through PATH (CITED)</i>	45%	46%	45%	53%	58%
<i>Peer-to-peer learning</i>	37%	34%	35%	37%	39%
<i>Technical assistance or trainings from MCPs</i>	31%	33%	35%	35%	30%
<i>Your regional CalAIM (CPI) Group . . .</i>	31%	31%	30%	36%	30%
<i>Technical assistance through the CalAIM Technical Assistance Marketplace . . .</i>	30%	33%	36%	30%	39%
<i>DHCS Webinars</i>	27%	28%	27%	27%	32%

Financial Incentives Top the List of Resources Implementers Would Find Helpful — But Just Barely

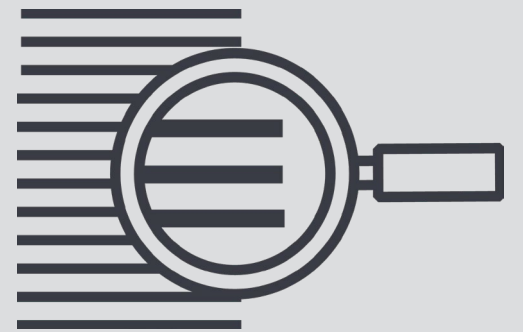
Which of the following do you think would be the most helpful for your organization in implementing CalAIM? Please select the top three.

Showing the % who say this resource is in their top three for what would be most helpful . . .	Statewide	SoCal (n = 519)	Los Angeles (n = 261)	Orange (n = 80)	Riverside (n = 81)	San Bernardino (n = 90)	San Diego (n = 129)
<i>Rates that better reflect your costs of operating</i>	36%	32%*	30%*	42%	38%	24%*	44%
<i>More implementation funding . . .</i>	33%	31%	32%	29%	26%	21%*	33%
<i>Clearer guidance from DHCS (e.g., How-To Guides)</i>	30%	30%	33%	22%	36%	39%	24%
<i>Lower administrative requirements</i>	30%	29%	32%	32%	31%	34%	29%
<i>Clearer guidance from MCPs (e.g., How-To Guides)</i>	26%	27%	24%	25%	31%	23%	29%
<i>More opportunities to learn from others in doing similar work</i>	25%	25%	26%	18%	23%	23%	25%
<i>Payment structure that better fits your operating model</i>	23%	23%	24%	25%	30%	20%	24%
<i>Standardization of MCP requirements</i>	23%	27%*	30%*	26%	31%	32%	30%
<i>More support for your organization to troubleshoot problems</i>	22%	22%	25%	24%	16%	22%	16%*
<i>Faster and more streamlined payment</i>	18%	18%	19%	15%	10%*	16%	18%

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

Organizational Partnerships



More SoCal Implementers Have Partnerships with the Housing Sector than with Other Sectors

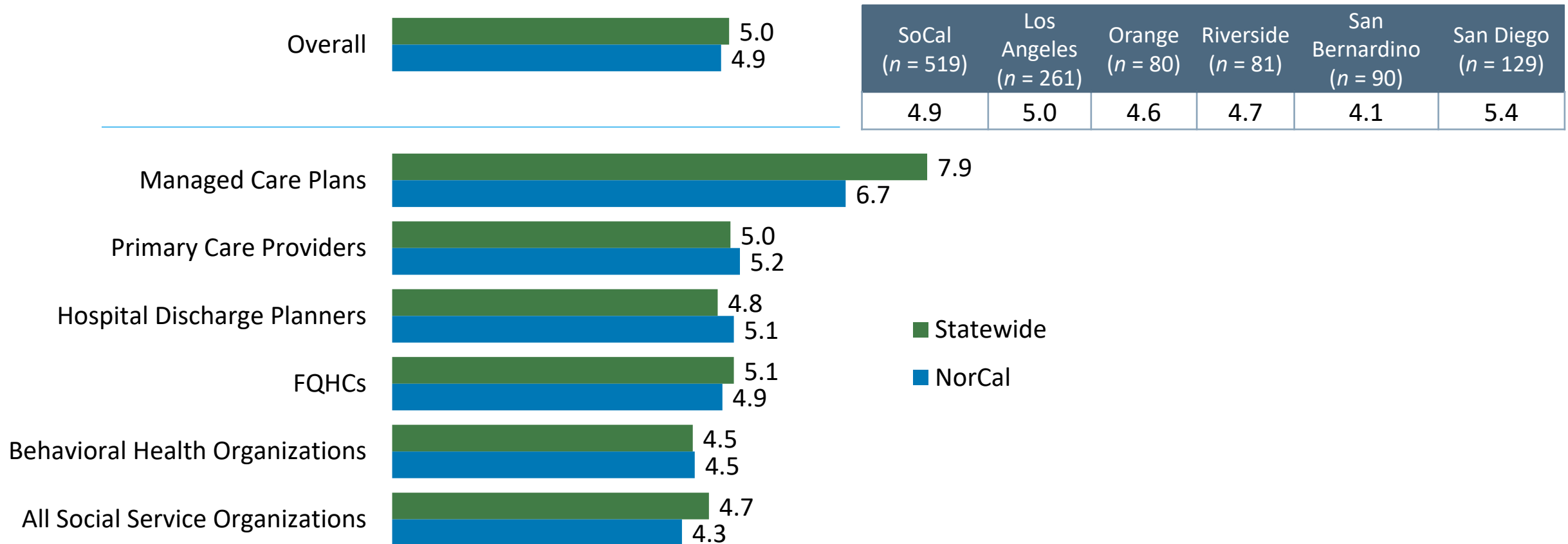
Do you currently have partnerships in any of the following sectors — whether or not you developed them through CalAIM? . . . Please indicate the sectors in which you have at least one partnership.

Showing the % of respondents who have at least one partnership in each sector	Statewide	SoCal (n = 519)	Los Angeles (n = 261)	Orange (n = 80)	Riverside (n = 81)	San Bernardino (n = 90)	San Diego (n = 129)
<i>Housing and homeless services providers</i>	49%	45%*	42%*	41%	47%	40%	53%
<i>Mental health and/or substance use providers (outpatient or inpatient)</i>	42%	41%	45%	31%*	42%	42%	40%
<i>County behavioral health plan/agency</i>	40%	32%*	33%*	39%	48%	38%	32%*
<i>Managed care plans</i>	37%	38%	38%	32%	43%	36%	50%*
<i>Primary care providers</i>	36%	37%	42%*	32%	33%	28%	36%
<i>Services for older adults or people with disabilities to live in the community</i>	29%	25%*	22%*	28%	32%	22%	32%
<i>Medically supported food and nutrition services</i>	26%	25%	27%	21%	19%	16%*	32%
<i>Medical respite/recuperative services</i>	24%	22%	22%	21%	19%	16%*	25%
<i>Personal care or home health services</i>	24%	24%	24%	18%	27%	22%	26%
<i>Acute hospitals</i>	23%	23%	24%	29%	17%	20%	29%
<i>Skilled nursing facilities</i>	22%	24%	26%	24%	19%	17%	26%
<i>Sobering centers/sobering services</i>	20%	19%	20%	18%	12%*	10%*	25%
<i>Assisted living facilities</i>	16%	17%	20%	19%	21%	14%	19%
<i>Correctional systems</i>	16%	14%	15%	16%	17%	16%	15%
<i>Home modification providers</i>	11%	11%	12%	6%	10%	12%	13%
<i>Asthma remediation services</i>	8%	6%*	9%	5%	1%*	6%	2%*
<i>None of the above</i>	8%	8%	8%	11%	10%	7%	4%*

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Most Organizations Report Partnerships in Multiple Sectors – Though Still Room to Increase Interconnectivity

Do you currently have partnerships in any of the following sectors — whether or not you developed them through CalAIM? Showing the average number of sectors that each type of respondent reports partnerships in. For example, statewide, MCPs report having partnerships in an average of 7.9 different sectors.



Respondents in SoCal Rate Partnerships Less Favorably than Statewide

Thinking about your best partnership with [sector], which of the following would you say accurately describes your partnership?

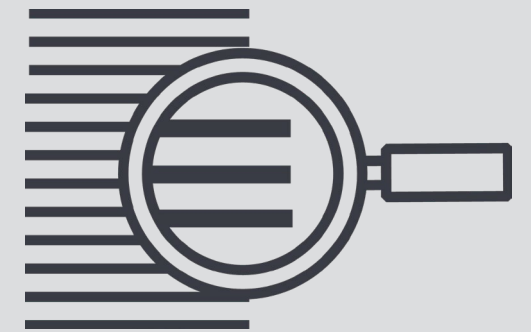
Showing the % who say this applies to their best partnerships in any sector	Statewide	SoCal (n = 519)	Los Angeles (n = 261)	Orange (n = 80)	Riverside (n = 81)	San Bernardino (n = 90)	San Diego (n = 129)
<i>We communicate about shared clients/patients, when needed</i>	74%	70%*	70%	72%	74%	66%	76%
<i>We work together to identify unmet needs and decide how gaps will be filled</i>	69%	67%	69%	69%	69%	66%	67%
<i>We approach our partnership with a spirit of give and take</i>	51%	45%*	46%*	48%	44%	43%	45%
<i>We trust one another</i>	51%	44%*	45%*	44%	52%	40%*	43%
<i>We speak the same language (literally and figuratively)</i>	50%	47%	45%	52%	56%	42%	49%
<i>Not one of these criteria applies to any partners in this sector</i>	10%	8%*	10%	11%	14%	14%	10%

*This result is significantly different from results statewide at the 95% confidence level.

Source: CHCF/GSSR Survey of CalAIM Implementers (July 21–September 12, 2023).

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Data Exchange



State and Region Not Yet at Goal of Accurate, Comprehensive, Realtime Data Exchange

Still thinking about the information about other care that the people you serve are getting . . .

% of respondents who say . . .	Statewide	SoCal (n = 519)	Los Angeles (n = 261)	Orange (n = 80)	Riverside (n = 81)	San Bernardino (n = 90)	San Diego (n = 129)
<i>. . . Information is completely or mostly accurate</i>	66%	67%	67%	68%	69%	63%	64%
<i>. . . They get all or most of the information needed</i>	45%	47%	47%	49%	47%	41%	48%
<i>. . . They get information within 48 hours or faster</i>	43%	45%	46%	47%	47%	40%	37%

Use of IT Solutions for Data Exchange Varies by County

Switching topics somewhat, how do you currently get information about the other care that the people you serve are getting in the context of CalAIM (e.g., ECM, Community Supports)? Please choose an answer for each row.

Showing the % who ever use this source (always + usually + some of the time)	Statewide	SoCal (n = 519)	Los Angeles (n = 261)	Orange (n = 80)	Riverside (n = 81)	San Bernardino (n = 90)	San Diego (n = 129)
<i>From the patient/client/member themselves</i>	85%	86%	89%*	89%	84%	84%	88%
<i>In person meetings with other provider/care team member(s)</i>	74%	73%	79%*	75%	68%	72%	75%
<i>Through an Electronic Health Records system (EHR)</i>	59%	62%*	71%*	71%*	58%	57%	54%
<i>Through a health plan/MCP portal</i>	50%	55%*	58%*	68%*	59%	48%	53%
<i>Through a Health or Community Information Exchange (HIE/CIE) or other data portal . . .</i>	45%	50%*	50%	58%*	47%	38%	55%*



About Goodwin Simon Strategic Research

Goodwin Simon Strategic Research (GSSR) is an independent opinion research firm with decades of experience in polling, policy analysis, and communications strategy for clients in the public and private sectors. GSSR Founding Partner Amy Simon, Partner John Whaley, and Senior Research Analyst Nicole Fossier all contributed their thought leadership on this survey research in collaboration with the California Health Care Foundation.



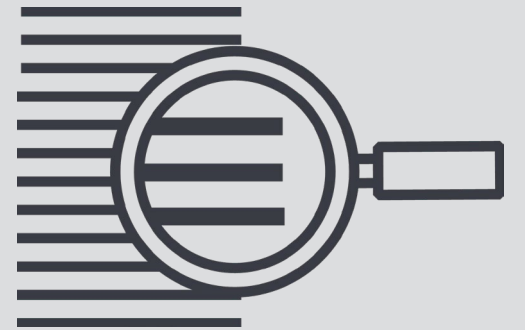
California Health Care Foundation

About the California Health Care Foundation

*The California Health Care Foundation is an independent, nonprofit philanthropy organization that works to improve the health care system so that all Californians have the care they need. We focus especially on making sure the health system works for Californians with low incomes and for communities who have traditionally faced the greatest barriers to care. **Health equity is the primary lens through which we focus our work at CHCF.***

CHCF informs policymakers and industry leaders, invests in ideas and innovations, and connects with changemakers to create a more responsive, patient-centered health care system. For more information, visit www.chcf.org.

Appendix: In Their Own Words



Los Angeles Implementers Cite Successes So Far

Being able to hire more ECM case managers is great, because I cannot address my patients' complex social needs in one 15- minute visit. It's essential that I have CMs to follow up between medical visits.
— Frontline, Community Clinic

Transitions of care for children with medical complexity. In particular, inpatient to outpatient, and establishing a multidisciplinary medical home to prevent unnecessary hospital visits.
— Frontline, Hospital/Health System

I received a lot of information about the transition from Cal MediConnect to CalAIM that I used to train my staff and volunteers. We created a cheat sheet for coverage options for dual eligibles, which made it easier for our counselors to answer questions from clients about any notices they were receiving about the transition.
— Leader, Navigation Agency

It has helped provide services to the patient population we've identified as frequent ED/hospital utilizers who have unique needs in regards to mental health, resources, etc. that are not medical per se and require special resources and attention.
— Leader, Hospital/Health System

Streamlining a lot of the administrative tasks related to conducting assessments and treatment plans.
— Leader, Outpatient Behavioral Health Provider

Being able to support members to navigate the complex health system and address some of the immediate SDOH needs. Some members had been waiting a long time to get an appointment with a specialist, LCM facilitated an appointment within a week. Some members have been supported to overcome isolation.
— Leader, Social Service Provider

Orange County Implementers Cite Successes So Far

This program afforded us the resources to expand our navigation systems to serve more people and to support more people once they are housed.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

Expanding services to individuals who would not previously be offered services because of limited funding options. Improving continuity of care for the most vulnerable individuals of the unsheltered population.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

Helping homeless individuals connect to services to get to better health whether that entail medical coordination of care and connecting to housing navigation services. This program is amazing in helping break barriers and help those who are experiencing housing instability.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

Being able to support our individuals with housing deposits. Having a dedicated staff person to support the housing navigation process as well as career development services for our unhoused families.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

Enrolling all of our shelter clients in CalAIM to assure they have the support to be placed and maintain their housing as they leave our shelters.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

Inland Empire Implementers Cite Successes So Far

We have successfully assisted clients in addressing their health needs at our medical respite by working closely with their MCP and ensuring everything runs as smoothly as possible. After their health needs are addressed, we are able to extend their stay with us at short-term post-hospitalization for another six months to ensure they obtain income and housing. We have successfully had someone medically recuperate, obtain income, and now in permanent supportive housing!

— Frontline, Social Service Provider

Access to care has been to date the biggest success, as we are able to start services without previous restrictions around level of care and assessment timeline completion to begin providing essential services.

— Leader, Outpatient Behavioral Health Provider

Beginning to incorporate Medi-Cal plan's community health workers into our discharge planning.

— Frontline, Hospital/Health System

Our biggest success in having ECM is being able to reach out to patients that are socioeconomically disadvantaged, racial or ethnic minority, and/or elderly. By having the ECM program, care managers are able to assist individuals in taking control of their own health care and securing resources to assist them with their socioeconomic needs.

— Leader, Community Clinic

San Diego Implementers Cite Successes So Far

The program targets the correct populations and the fact that it is not time limited has made it very effective when working with clients whose goals are not attainable in a couple months. We have successfully seen clients locate housing, get SSI/SSDI benefits, and acquire a full medical team to address their health needs.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

The behavioral health assessment was shortened to an episode summary. This allows our nurses and clinicians in this fast-paced setting to spend more time with the clients and see more clients.

— Frontline, Hospital/Health System

Managed care plans have made a much more concerted effort at coordinating care with community-based providers like our organization. There has also been an increased focus on access to care, with some barriers to BH [behavioral health] being lowered.

— Leader, Outpatient Behavioral Health Provider

We have been able to transition care for people enrolled in Health Homes and Whole Person Care to ensure continuity of care. CalAIM has also provided a vehicle to make housing-related case management accessible to nearly everyone who wants and needs it.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

San Diego Implementers Cite Successes So Far

Being allowed to expose barriers for the justice-involved population, communicating this information directly to CalAIM.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

We have been able to prevent discharge to the street from hospitals with recuperative care and gone on to provide some short-term post-hospitalization housing.

— Frontline, Social Service Provider

One client in mind graduated from program who was housed in his own apartment and also provided with Personal Care hours while trying to find an IHSS worker. Someone was assigned to him quickly, and it really helped him. He accomplished many of his goals. This program really helped him find a home, and he was even able to save and buy a car and was planning to look for part-time job.

— Frontline, Social Service Provider

We have been able to help members get housed. All our clients experience homelessness so we get to see clients get healthier and housed. It's a very hard yet rewarding process to support.

— Frontline, Medical Group

Los Angeles Implementers Ask for . . .

Lowering case loads to be able to provide the level of care needed without spending all our time doing administrative work. Also better pay to keep case managers from leaving the company and causing gaps in patient care.

— Lead Coordinator, Community Clinic

Assigning specific Medi-Cal agents to each hospital/health center/clinic to better communicate changes and questions and to better advocate for patients back. Better flow and ease of conversation.

— Frontline, Community Clinic

All managed care plans should reimburse similarly, and documentation should be streamlined. Focus should be on care and not on documentation and billing. More clinical support required with case managers.

— Leader, Community Clinic

Unsure of how information and trainings come down to various counties, especially with us in the specialty substance use disorder field primarily, where we seem to be the last to know and obtain information compared to the FQHCs, or other medical health providers.

— Leader, Outpatient Behavioral Health Provider

For field-based programs serving high severity mental health clients in the unhoused and recently housed populations, the lack of payment for staff travel appears discriminatory. This kind of field work has been effective in building rapport, improving treatment adherence, decreasing recidivism, and ultimately helping clients get housed. I feel strongly that travel time should be billable under CalAIM for programs such as these.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

Los Angeles Implementers Ask for . . .

To minimize mistrust from eligible members, outreach and enrollment should be a shared responsibility of MCPs and ECM providers. Most members do not respond to outreach attempts due to fear of scam calls. Data mining needs to be streamlined and accelerated to ensure the the Member Information File (MIF) contains more accurate contact details and member eligibility.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

CalAIM should leverage the community resources for Long Term Services and Support needs of members and should NOT try to replace long term care management unless there is no other option or to temporarily fill a gap. CalAIM ECM providers do not appear to be referring members to LTSS/HCBS providers for long term services and supports.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

Presumptive authorizations would be a tremendous help to get patients out of the hospital and into recuperative care faster, saving time and money for the hospitals and cutting down on the back and forth.

— Leader, Recuperative Care

It has been very difficult for patients with complex needs to connect with ECM. Given the complexity of their issues, including psycho-social concerns, these patients often require a lot of engagement to connect initially and to access services. It's unclear what mechanism patients can use to hold MCPs accountable when there are problems with the ECM or CS they receive.

— Frontline, Advocacy Organization

Other Southern California Implementers Ask for . . .

Hardly any health systems use the platform selected by the MCP, so there is very little data sharing. This platform could be used for ECM, but without the patient level data it is useless. The MCP could have developed it as the common EHR (or add API to connect to other EHRs) and require that the health systems share patient level data, especially for ECM.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

All MCPs should be required to provide all 14 community supports and there should be a universal referral form that includes consents for ECM and CS programs.

— Frontline, Public Health Home Visiting

We see the investment being made and it is deeply appreciated. Hope that you are now turning attention to community-based service providers (vs. institutional service providers): midwives, CHWs, lactation clinicians, doulas, etc.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

There are major gaps in the Medi-Cal system for older adults that we had hoped CalAIM would address, but it has not addressed these yet. There needs to be mechanisms to pay for assisted living, and for personal care outside the IHSS system, especially for those who cannot direct their own care. IHSS is consumer directed and that is important for many people, but it is not a fit for everyone.

— Leader, Social Service Provider

Other Southern California Implementers Ask for . . .

We really need to look at housing allowances through CalAIM for those exiting homelessness and/or incarceration. It should be at least one to two years.
— Leader, County Housing and Workforce Department

Streamline the new provider application process.
— Leader, Social Service Provider

Standard process across all MCPs.
— Leader, Community Clinic

Do local health plans use surveys assessing their CalAIM performance with local organizations?
— Leader, Social Service Provider

There needs to be a much more robust exchange of information between the managed care plans, the ECM/CS providers, and other individuals on the member's care team. I feel that each ECM/CS provider is expected to establish our own information exchange with each managed care plan/people in the member's care team. The managed care plan is better suited to help with this exchange of information and assist in connecting the ECM/CS provider to others involved in the member's care.
— Frontline, Social Service Provider